

AILET

Multiple Choice Questions on Tort Law for CLAT PG

Ruchika Mohapatra · 30 Apr 2025

Preparing for CLAT PG 2026? Attempt these Multiple Choice Questions on Tort Law for CLAT PG and test your preparation today!

1. Which of the following is the primary objective of tort law?

- a) Punishing the defendant
- b) Compensating the victim for harm caused
- c) Preventing criminal acts
- d) Enforcing contracts

Correct Answer: b) Compensating the victim for harm caused

2. Which one of the following is not an essential element of tort liability?

- a) Wrongful act or omission
- b) Legal damage
- c) Existence of a prior contract
- d) A legal remedy

Correct Answer: c) Existence of a prior contract

3. Which of the following defenses is not applicable in tort law?

- a) Volenti non fit injuria
- b) Act of God
- c) Quantum meruit
- d) Inevitable accident

Correct Answer: c) Quantum meruit

4. In tort law, the principle “res ipsa loquitur” means:

- a) The thing speaks for itself
- b) Let the buyer beware
- c) No harm, no liability
- d) Let the decision stand

Correct Answer: a) The thing speaks for itself

5. What is the primary distinction between tort and contract law?

- a) Tort law compensates for breaches, while contract law focuses on criminal acts
- b) Tort law arises from duty imposed by law, while contract law arises from agreements
- c) Tort law always involves negligence, while contract law does not
- d) Tort law does not provide monetary remedies, while contract law does

Correct Answer: b) Tort law arises from duty imposed by law, while contract law arises from agreements

6. Which of the following is an example of a tort of strict liability?

- a) Trespass to land
- b) Manufacturing defective products
- c) Breach of contract
- d) Defamation

Correct Answer: b) Manufacturing defective products

7. The rule of strict liability in tort law was laid down in which landmark case?

- a) Donoghue v. Stevenson
- b) Rylands v. Fletcher
- c) Ashby v. White
- d) Hedley Byrne v. Heller

Correct Answer: b) Rylands v. Fletcher

8. Which of the following torts does not require proof of damage to be actionable?

- a) Trespass to land
- b) Negligence
- c) Nuisance

d) Defamation

Correct Answer: a) Trespass to land

9. The tort of defamation protects which interest of an individual?

- a) Physical well-being
- b) Right to reputation
- c) Property rights
- d) Right to privacy

Correct Answer: b) Right to reputation

10. What is the primary defense in a tort action for defamation?

- a) Inevitable accident
- b) Contributory negligence
- c) Truth or justification
- d) Volenti non fit injuria

Correct Answer: c) Truth or justification