

Practice Questions on Syllogism for CLAT 2025

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Syllogism is a form of deductive reasoning often asked in CLAT. Practice Questions on Syllogism for CLAT 2025 and test your preparation today!

QUESTIONS ON SYLLOGISM

1. What can be inferred from these premises?

- Premise 1: All planets in our solar system orbit the Sun.
- Premise 2: Some planets are made primarily of gas.
- Conclusion: Earth orbits the Sun.

- a) The conclusion is definitely true.
- b) The conclusion is definitely false.
- c) The conclusion might be true.
- d) The premises do not provide enough information.

2. What can be inferred from these premises?

- Premise 1: All fruits have seeds.
- Premise 2: Some fruits are citrus.
- Conclusion: All citrus fruits have seeds.

- a) The conclusion is definitely true.
- b) The conclusion is definitely false.
- c) The conclusion might be true.
- d) The premises do not provide enough information.

3. Which of the following is correct?

- Premise 1: All birds can fly.
- Premise 2: Some birds are penguins.
- Conclusion: Penguins can fly.

- a) The conclusion is definitely true.
- b) The conclusion is definitely false.
- c) The conclusion might be true.
- d) The conclusion contradicts the premises.

4. Which of the following is correct?

- Premise 1: All mammals are animals.
 - Premise 2: No reptiles are mammals.
 - Conclusion: Some animals are reptiles.
- a) The conclusion is definitely true.
 - b) The conclusion is definitely false.
 - c) The conclusion might be true.
 - d) The premises do not provide enough information.

5. Which of the following is correct?

- Premise 1: All doctors are human.
 - Premise 2: Some humans are teachers.
 - Conclusion: Some doctors are teachers.
- a) The conclusion is definitely true.
 - b) The conclusion is definitely false.
 - c) The conclusion might be true.
 - d) The conclusion cannot be determined.

6. Which of the following is correct?

- Premise 1: All poets are writers.
 - Premise 2: No writers are singers.
 - Conclusion: No poets are singers.
- a) The conclusion is definitely true.
 - b) The conclusion is definitely false.
 - c) The conclusion might be true.
 - d) The premises do not provide enough information.

7. Which of the following is correct?

- Premise 1: All trees produce oxygen.
 - Premise 2: No rocks produce oxygen.
 - Conclusion: No rocks are trees.
- a) The conclusion is definitely true.
- b) The conclusion is definitely false.
- c) The conclusion might be true.
- d) The premises do not provide enough information.

8. Which of the following is correct?

- Premise 1: All squares are rectangles.
 - Premise 2: Some rectangles are rhombuses.
 - Conclusion: All squares are rhombuses.
- a) The conclusion is definitely true.
- b) The conclusion is definitely false.
- c) The conclusion might be true.
- d) The conclusion cannot be determined.

9. Which of the following is correct?

- Premise 1: All philosophers are thinkers.
 - Premise 2: Some thinkers are scholars.
 - Conclusion: All philosophers are scholars.
- a) The conclusion is definitely true.
- b) The conclusion is definitely false.
- c) The conclusion might be true.
- d) The conclusion cannot be determined.

10. Which of the following is correct?

- Premise 1: All reptiles are cold-blooded.
- Premise 2: No mammals are cold-blooded.
- Conclusion: No reptiles are mammals.

- a) The conclusion is definitely true.
- b) The conclusion is definitely false.
- c) The conclusion might be true.
- d) The conclusion cannot be determined.

ANSWERS

- 1. a
- 2. a
- 3. d
- 4. c
- 5. d
- 6. a
- 7. a
- 8. d
- 9. d
- 10. a