

BLOGS

Sectional Test on Family Law for CLAT PG

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Q1. Which schedule and list of the Constitution of India deals with the personal law subjects?

- a. Seventh Schedule, State List
- b. Seventh Schedule, Union List
- c. Eighth Schedule, Concurrent List
- d. Seventh Schedule, Concurrent List

Q2. Which Article of the Constitution of India deals with 'Uniform Civil Code'?

- a. Article 44
- b. Article 42
- c. Article 41
- d. Article 40

Q3. Which case highlighted the need for a Uniform Civil Code in India?

- a. Sarla Mudgal .V. Union of India
- b. M.S Jordan Diengdeh .V. SS Chopra
- c. Md Ahmed Khan .V. Shah Bano
- d. Hussainara Khatoon .V. Union of India

Q4. In which case the Supreme Court directed the parliament to frame universal civil code for the first time in India?

- a. Sarla Mudgal .V. Union of India
- b. M.S Jordan Diengdeh .V. SS Chopra
- c. Md Ahmed Khan .V. Shah Bano
- d. Hussainara Khatoon .V. Union of India

Q5. Which of the following is a challenge for uniform civil code in India?

- a. India being a culturally diverse country bring uniformity is a big challenge
- b. More freedom of religion will be subject to public order, health and morality
- c. Both the above options

d. None of the Above

Q6. A will made by Hindu, Sikh, Jain and Buddhist will be governed under which legislation?

- a. Hindu Succession Act, 1956
- b. Indian Succession Act, 1925
- c. Hindu Disposition of Property Act, 1960
- d. None of the Above

Q7. For a will to be executed under the Indian Succession Act, 1925 it should be attested by how many witnesses?

- a. One witness
- b. Two witness
- c. Two or more witnesses
- d. One or more witnesses

Q8. Which of the following is the subject matter of will under the Indian Succession Act, 1925?

- a. Immovable property
- b. Corporeal property
- c. Incorporeal property
- d. All of the Above

Q9. The concept of gifts is governed under which legislation and is it applicable to Muslims?

- a. Hindu Succession Act, 1956 and is not applicable to Muslims
- b. Indian Succession Act, 1925 and is not applicable to Muslims
- c. Transfer of Property Act, 1882 and is not applicable to Muslims
- d. Transfer of Property Act, 1882 and is applicable to Muslims

Q10. Under Muslim Law, the concept of gift is known as?

- a. Mehr
- b. Hiba
- c. Talaq
- d. None of the Above

Q11. Whether Hindu Law recognizes a gift to an unborn person?

- a. Yes
- b. No
- c. Only in exceptional circumstances
- d. It is void in nature

Q12. Which of the following cases states that, if the purpose is uncertain then the waqf is void?

- a. Hashim Ali .V. Iffat Ara Hamidi
- b. Garib Da .V. M.A Hamid
- c. Abdul Karim .V. Rahimat Bai
- d. All of the Above

Q13. Under which case it was held that a stranger cannot challenge the validity of a gift on the ground that the gift is bad and there has been no delivery of the possession?

- a. Sarla Mudgal .V. Union of India
- b. M.S Jordan Diengdeh .V. SS Chopra
- c. Y.S Chen .V. Batubai
- d. Garib Da .V. M.A Hamid

Q14. Which of the following case deals with 'Contingent Gifts'?

- a. Jameela Begum .V. Controller of Estate Duty
- b. Garib Da .V. M.A Hamid
- c. Hashim Ali .V. Iffat Ara Hamidi
- d. Shah Bano Case

Q15. What is the nature of conditional gifts under Muslim Law?

- a. Voidable
- b. Allowed under Muslim Law
- c. Irregular under Muslim Law
- d. Void

Answers

1. Option d
2. Option a

3. Option a
4. Option c
5. Option c
6. Option b
7. Option c
8. Option d
9. Option c
10. Option b
11. Option a
12. Option d
13. Option c
14. Option a
15. Option d